Governments concerned. States have the powers under The Seeds Act, 1966, The Seeds (Control) Order, 1983 and Environmental (protection) Act, 1986 to take enforcement action against defaulters. Further, the Government has the power to add or remove any commodity as essential commodity under the amended act.

Higher agricultural production rate in Nagaland

2025. SHRIMATI N. P. DURGA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have carried out any study to see how the growth of agricultural production in eight districts of Nagaland has been consistently recording a double-digit between 2000 and 2005 when the rest of the country's average for this period stands only 2.6 per cent as per the recently released district-wise data by indicus Analytics;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI KANTI LAL BHURIA): (a) to (c) The Government has a well defined system of compiling agricultural statistics from the district level. The growth of agricultural production consisting of cereals, pulses, oilseeds, and commercial crops as per official data in respect of the eight districts of Nagaland for the years 2000-01 to 2005-06 are as given in the table below:

'District-wise total of all crops produced in Nagaland from 2000-01 to 2005-06

(in '000 MT)

Name of District/Year	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Dimapur	101.62	121.68	129.01	193.07	260.55	323.60
Growth rate (%)		*19.74*	*6.02*	*49.66*	*34.95*	*24.20*
2. Kohima	46.55	57.87	66.96	55.99	120.81	112.72
Growth rate (%)		*24.32*	*15.71*	*-16.38*	*115.77*	*-6.70*
3. Phek	67.39	76.00	79.26	78.26	86.03	76.68
Growth rate (%)		*12.78*	*4.29*	*-1.26*	*9.93*	*-10.87*
4. Zunheboto	42.02	52.85	66.12	62.18	65.96	61. 44
Growth rate (%)		25.77	25.11	-5.96	6.08	-6.85
5. Wokha	63.89	72.18	81.60	83.66	75.49	79.75
Growth rate (%)		12.98	13.05	2.52	-9.77	5.64
6. Mokakchung	49.91	60.79	71.29	62.04	68.78	55.80
Growth rate (%)		*21.80*	*17.27*	*-12.98*	*10.86*	*-18.87*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
7. Tuensang	43.86	51.77	55.2	79.95	81.53	74.53
Growth rate (%)		*18.03*	*6.63*	*44.84*	*1.98*	*-8.59*
8. Mon	43.22	53.16	67.96	67.94	48.68	43.39
Growth rate (%)		*23.00*	*27.84*	*-0.03*	*-28.35*	*-10.87*

It may be mentioned that the growth rates tend to fluctuate from a minimum of -28.35 per cent for the year 2004-05 in the case of Mon district to a maximum of 115.77 per cent for the year 2004-05 in the case of Kohima district. Nagaland practices shifting (Jhum) cultivation. The country's average growth of agricultural production for the same period as per the Agricultural Statistics At A Glance-2006 is around 3.0 per cent.

Indicus Analytics is a private research firm who makes their own estimates.

Improving life of livestock breeders

2026. DR. ABHISHEK MANU SINGHVI: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state the details of the developmental activities which are being carried out in relation to animal husbandry to improve the economic and social life of livestock breeders in Rajasthan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI TASLIMUDDIN): The Government is implementing various schemes for development of Animal Husbandry sector in Rajasthan. A Statement detailing the schemes along with funds released to the State during the Tenth Plan is given in Statement.

Statement

Funds released to Rajasthan for animal husbandry development during the Tenth Plan

(Rs. in lakh)

Sl.No.	Name of the Scheme	Total
1	National Project for Cattle and Buffalo Breeding	490.00
2	Assistance to State Poultry/Duck Farms	77.79
3	Conservation of Threatened Breeds	42.00
4	Centrally Sponsored Fodder Development Scheme	136.34
5	Assistance to States for Control of Animal Diseases	869.26
6	National Project on Rinderpest Eradication	114.20
7	Livestock Insurance	456.00
	TOTAL:	2185.59